

Mayoral elections in England

Guidance for candidates and agents

Part 6 of 6 – After the declaration of result

November 2017

This document applies to mayoral elections in England (excluding combined authority mayoral elections and elections for the Mayor of London). It does not apply to district, borough, county, unitary or parish council elections, or elections to the Greater London Authority. Our guidance and resources for all elections in England can be accessed from our website at:

<http://www.electoralcommission.org.uk/guidance/resources-for-those-we-regulate/candidates-and-agents>.

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Essential information

This section of the document contains our guidance on what happens after the results at a mayoral election in England have been announced.

Supplementary information, which may only be relevant to some candidates, is provided at the back of this document. You can also view this supplementary guidance by clicking on the links within this document or by clicking on the chapter heading on the contents page.

We are here to help, so please contact us if you have any questions. See our [Overview document](#) for contact details.

This document does not cover [combined authority mayoral elections](#) or elections for the [Mayor of London](#). You can access guidance for those elections through our website.

In this document, we use 'you' to refer to the candidate. We use 'must' to refer to a specific requirement. We use 'should' for items we consider to be minimum good practice, but which are not legal or regulatory requirements.

Deadlines mentioned in this document are generic. We have published a [generic election timetable on our website](#). If a by election has been called, you will be able to obtain a copy of the specific timetable for that election from the Returning Officer.

For the scheduled elections on Thursday 3 May 2018, we have published an [election timetable](#), which you can download from our website.

Declaration of acceptance of office

- 1.1 If elected, your term of office as mayor will become effective on the fourth calendar day after the election.
- 1.2 The declaration must be made within two months from the day of election. If you do not submit your declaration by this deadline, the position will be declared vacant.

Return of deposit

- 1.3 Your deposit will be returned to you by the next working day following the declaration of the result if you poll more than 5% of the first preference votes across the local authority area.
- 1.4 The deposit will be forfeited if you poll equal to or less than 5% of the first preference votes across the local authority area.

Election petitions

- 1.5 The outcome of a mayoral election can be challenged through an election petition. For further details on challenging an election, see paragraph **1.11**.

What happens to the election paperwork after the result is announced?

- 1.6 After the results are declared, all election documents are securely held by the Electoral Registration Officer for a period of 12 months.
- 1.7 Most documents are available for public inspection. Please note that ballot papers are not open to public inspection. If you wish to inspect election documents, see paragraph **1.17** for further information.

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Submitting your election spending returns

1.8 Within 35 calendar days of the election result your election agent will need to prepare and submit to the Returning Officer an election spending return. In addition, both you and your election agent will need to sign a declaration stating that the return is complete and correct to the best of your knowledge and belief. Detailed guidance on what must be included in the return is contained in [Part 3: Spending and donations](#).

1.9 There are consequences for failure to submit spending returns and these are set out in paragraphs **1.30** to **1.32**.

Supplementary information

Lodging an election petition

1.10 Only certain people can petition, and only under specific circumstances.

1.11 An election petition can be presented by:

- someone claiming to have been a candidate at the election, or
- at least four electors (not anonymously registered electors) who had a right to vote at the election (although they need not have voted)

1.12 The allowable grounds for a petition are that:

- the successful candidate was disqualified at the time of the election
- the successful candidate was not duly elected
- the election was invalidated by corrupt or illegal practices

1.13 Normally, the petition must be issued within 21 calendar days after the date of the election. However, if the petition complains of corrupt or illegal practices involving the payment of money or other reward, or an illegal practice relating to election expenses, further time may be allowed.

1.14 For any questions relating to election petitions, including the deadlines for lodging an election petition, you should contact the Election Petitions Office:

The Election Petitions Office
Room E113
Royal Courts of Justice
Strand
London

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WC2A 2LL

Email: Election_Petitions@hmcts.gsi.gov.uk

Phone: 0207 947 6877

Fax: 0870 324 0024

1.15 There are costs attached to an election petition. If you are considering lodging an election petition, we strongly recommend that you take independent legal advice.

Inspection and supply of election-related documents

1.16 Documents available for supply and inspection are retained by the Electoral Registration Officer, except for the election spending returns, which are kept by the Returning Officer. Contact details for Electoral Registration Officers and Returning Officers can be found on the Commission's Your Vote Matters website www.yourvotematters.uk.

Inspection and supply of the marked registers and lists of absent voters

1.17 The marked electoral registers and lists of absent voters show who has been issued with a ballot paper, who has returned their postal ballot paper, and who has had a proxy vote cast on their behalf.

1.18 You can obtain copies of or inspect the marked register of electors and lists of absent voters after the election if you make a request in writing to the Electoral Registration Officer. Contact details are available on www.yourvotematters.co.uk.

1.19 You should be aware that you can only use the information obtained from these documents for research or electoral purposes.

1.20 A request for inspection must specify:

- which documents are requested
- the purposes for which the information in any document will be used

- where the request is to inspect the marked register or lists, any reason why inspecting the full register or unmarked lists would not be sufficient to achieve that purpose
- who will inspect the documents
- the date on which you wish to inspect the documents, and
- whether you would prefer to inspect the documents in a printed or data form

1.21 Inspection is under supervision and will be free of charge. You won't be able to take copies, but may make handwritten notes.

1.22 A request for supply must specify:

- which of the marked register or lists are requested
- whether a printed copy of the records or lists is requested or a copy in data form
- the purposes for which the marked register or lists will be used and why the supply or purchase of a copy of the full register or unmarked lists would not be sufficient to achieve that purpose

1.23 The requested document will be supplied for a fee of £10 plus £2 for printed and £1 for data versions per 1,000 entries.

1.24 Note that after 12 months these documents will be destroyed, unless a court order directs otherwise.

Inspection of other election documents

1.25 You can inspect other election documents, but you will not be allowed to make any notes or copies of these documents. The only documents that cannot be inspected are:

- the ballot papers
- the corresponding number lists
- the certificates allowing polling station staff to vote at the polling station they are working at

1.26 After 12 months all of the election documents will be destroyed, unless a court order directs otherwise.

Nomination papers cannot be inspected after the election. They can only be inspected until the day before the poll.

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Inspection of election spending returns

1.27 The spending returns and declarations are held by the Returning Officer. Spending returns and declarations can be inspected by any person after they have been submitted. Copies can also be made for a fee of 20p per side per page.

1.28 Spending returns and declarations are kept for two years. You can request to have them returned to you or your agent at the end of this period. If you or your agent does not want them back, the spending returns and declarations will be destroyed.

What happens if a spending return or declaration isn't submitted?

1.29 Failure to submit a spending return or declaration by the deadline without an authorised excuse is a criminal offence.

1.30 The Electoral Commission has a legal remit to secure compliance with the rules on candidates' spending and donations, but no sanctioning powers in respect of breaches. Suspected breaches of the rules should be referred to the police.

1.31 If a candidate has been elected but the spending return and/or declaration has not been submitted by the deadline they are disqualified from acting as elected mayor.