UK Parliamentary general election – Northern Ireland

Guidance for candidates and agents

Part 2b of 6 – Standing as a party candidate

April 2017

This document applies to the 8 June 2017 UK Parliamentary general election in Northern Ireland. Further resources and forms are available from the Electoral Office for Northern Ireland (EONI): www.eoni.org.uk/elections/Information-for-candidates-and-agents

Guidance and resources for other elections in the UK can be accessed from the Commission’s website at: www.electoralcommission.org.uk/guidance/resources-for-those-we-regulate/candidates-and-agents.
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Essential information

This section of the document contains our guidance on standing as a party candidate at the 8 June 2017 UK Parliamentary general election in Northern Ireland. Supplementary information, which may only be relevant to some candidates, is provided at the back of this document. You can also view this supplementary guidance by clicking on the links within this document or by clicking on the chapter heading on the contents page.

Completing your nomination papers

1.1 To become nominated as a candidate at a UK Parliamentary general election in Northern Ireland, you need to submit a completed set of nomination papers to the relevant Area Electoral Office by 4pm on the 19th working day before the poll (by 4pm on 11 May 2017). This deadline is set out in law and cannot be changed for any reason. The start date from which you will be able to submit nomination papers, as well as the times and place for delivery, will be set out in the official
notice of election published by the Chief Electoral Officer. The notice of election will be published on the EONI website at http://www.eoni.org.uk/elections/Information-for-candidates-and-agents.

1.2 There are three nomination papers that you must submit to make your nomination valid:

- the nomination form (the form to be used is prescribed in law)
- a home address form
- your consent to nomination

1.3 To stand on behalf of a registered political party, you will also need:

- A certificate authorising you to use the party name or a registered description on the ballot paper (known as the certificate of authorisation). For more details on the certificate of authorisation, see paragraph 1.15.
- A written request to use one of the party’s emblems (if you would like one to appear on the ballot paper). For more information on the emblem request form, see paragraph 1.21.

1.4 You can obtain nomination papers from the EONI website at http://www.eoni.org.uk/elections/Information-for-candidates-and-agents or from the DRO at your local Area Electoral Office.

1.5 If you, your agent or someone you trust are unable to complete the nomination form, the DRO can help by preparing the form for your signature, provided you give them all the necessary information. You will still need to get it signed by a proposer, a seconder and eight other electors.

1.6 The DRO can also offer informal checks of your completed nomination papers before you submit them.

1.7 Note that any information you provide on your nomination papers must be true to the best of your knowledge. It is an offence to provide a false statement on your nomination papers. Providing a false statement could invalidate your election, and is also punishable by a maximum fine of £5,000 (or unlimited if convicted on indictment) and/or imprisonment.
The nomination form

1.8 The form must contain:

- Your full name. This means your surname and other names in full. Using initials only could lead to your nomination paper being rejected. Also, do not use prefixes such as Mr, Mrs, Dr or Cllr as part of your name. The same applies to suffixes. However, if you have a title, you can use this as your full name. For example, if your actual name is Joseph Smith but your hereditary title is Joseph Avon, you can use the name Joseph Avon as your full name.

- Signatures of 10 registered electors (known as subscribers) from the constituency. Your subscribers must appear on the Parliamentary electoral register that is in force on the 22nd working day before the poll. For further information, see paragraph 1.92.

1.9 The following is optional:

- A commonly used name – if you commonly use a name that is different from any forename or surname that you have and you wish this to appear on the ballot paper, you need to state this on the nomination form. More details are provided in paragraph 1.84.

- A description – you can ask for either the party’s name as registered with the Commission or one of the party’s registered descriptions to appear on the ballot paper underneath your name.

If you want to use a party name or description, you must submit alongside your other nomination papers a certificate that shows that you are authorised to use the party’s name or description (known as a certificate of authorisation). The certificate must be issued by the registered party’s Nominating Officer (or someone authorised to act on their behalf) and be received by the DRO by the nominations deadline, i.e. by 4pm on the
19th working day before the poll (by 4pm on 11 May 2017). Further information on the certificate is provided in paragraph 1.15.

If you are standing on behalf of two or more parties, you may use a joint description as registered with the Commission. In that case, you will need authorisation from the Nominating Officer for each of the registered parties (or people authorised to act on their behalf).

You should take particular care when completing the descriptions field on the nomination form. The party name/description used on the nomination paper must exactly match the party name/description on the Commission’s online register of political parties. If it does not, the whole nomination paper will be rejected.

You do not have to use a description. You may choose not to have a description at all by leaving the description field of the form blank. However, the party you are standing on behalf of may request that you use a particular description.

Home address form

1.10 The home address form must state your home address in full. If you do not want your address to be made public and to appear on the ballot paper, you must make a statement to this effect on the home address form and give the name of the constituency in which your home address is situated or, if you live outside the UK, the name of the country in which you reside.

1.11 Your home address:
- must be completed in full
- must not contain abbreviations
- must be your current home address
- must not be a business address (unless you run a business from your home)

1.12 Your address does not need to be in the constituency in which you intend to stand.
Consent to nomination

1.13 You must also formally consent to your nomination in writing. The content of the consent to nomination form is fixed by law. On the form you will be asked to state that you are qualified and not disqualified from standing. You must also state your date of birth.

1.14 You are not allowed to sign the consent form earlier than one calendar month before the deadline for submitting your nomination papers. Your signature must be witnessed, and the witness must sign the form and give their full name and address. There are no restrictions on who can be a witness to the consent to nomination.

The certificate of authorisation

1.15 Political parties authorise candidates to stand for them by issuing a certificate of authorisation. This must state that the named candidate can stand on their behalf and allow them to use one of the following:

- the exact party name as registered with the Commission
- one of the party’s registered descriptions
- the candidate’s choice of either the registered party name or one of the registered descriptions.

1.16 Particular care should be taken by the Nominating Officer (or someone authorised to act on their behalf) when completing the certificate of authorisation. If the certificate explicitly authorises a particular party name/description and this does not match the party name/description on the nomination paper, the whole nomination will be invalid.

1.17 The certificate of authorisation must be signed by the registered Nominating Officer of the political party or by someone authorised by the Nominating Officer to act on their behalf.

1.18 If you are standing on behalf of two or more parties, you may use a joint description as registered with the Commission. In that case, you will need authorisation from the Nominating Officer for each of the registered parties (or people authorised...
to act on their behalf). Joint descriptions are listed on the Commission’s Northern Ireland online register of political parties.

**Request to use an emblem on the ballot paper**

1.19 If you have been authorised by a political party to use the party name or a registered description on the ballot paper, you can also request that one of the party's official emblems is printed on the ballot paper next to your name.

1.20 You must make the request for an emblem in writing and deliver it to the DRO. The request must be received by the DRO by 4pm on the 19th working day before the poll (by 4pm on 11 May 2017). The DRO will supply you with a form you can use to make this request, or you can download it from [http://www.eoni.org.uk/elections/Information-for-candidates-and-agents](http://www.eoni.org.uk/elections/Information-for-candidates-and-agents).

1.21 The request should state both the name of the political party and the description of the emblem to be used, as listed on the Commission’s Northern Ireland online register of political parties. Registered emblems cannot be varied in any way.

1.22 Candidates standing on behalf of two or more registered parties and using a joint description can use an emblem that has been registered by one of the relevant parties. The request must be made in writing and delivered to the DRO by the close of nominations, i.e. by 4pm on the 19th working day before the poll (by 4pm on 11 May 2017). The DRO will supply you with a form you can use to make this request or you can download one from [http://www.eoni.org.uk/elections/Information-for-candidates-and-agents](http://www.eoni.org.uk/elections/Information-for-candidates-and-agents). The request should state the name of the political party that has registered the emblem you wish to use and the description of the emblem to be used, as listed on the Commission’s Northern Ireland online register of political parties.
Submitting your nomination papers

1.23 All nomination papers, including the home address form, consent to nomination, certificate of authorisation and emblem request form, must be delivered to the place specified on the notice of election by 4pm on the 19th working day before the poll (by 4pm on 11 May 2017). It is your responsibility to ensure that all of your nomination papers are delivered in the correct manner and by the required deadlines.

Who can deliver the nomination papers?

1.24 Only a limited number of persons may deliver your nomination form and home address form. The nomination form and home address form may only be delivered by yourself, your proposer or seconder, or by your election agent (if the DRO has previously received notification of their appointment).

1.25 There are no restrictions on who can deliver your consent to nomination, certificate of authorisation and emblem request form, but you should ensure that you, your agent, your proposer or seconder, or someone you trust does this so you can be sure they are delivered to the DRO in time.

How must nomination papers be submitted?

1.26 The nomination form, home address form and the consent to nomination must be submitted by hand and cannot be submitted by post, fax, e-mail or other electronic means. The only exception to this is where a candidate is overseas, in which case their consent to nomination may be sent electronically.

1.27 The certificate of authorisation and the emblem request form may be submitted by post, but may not be submitted by fax, e-mail or other electronic means.

1.28 The original version of each completed paper must be submitted. A certificate of authorisation which has been sent as an attachment to an e-mail to be printed out, for example,
would make it a ‘copy document’ and not the original document.

When must nomination papers be submitted?

1.29 You should submit your nomination papers as early as possible to give the DRO an opportunity to conduct an informal check and to give you sufficient time to submit new nomination papers should your first set contain any errors.

1.30 The DRO will confirm the exact details of when and where nomination papers can be delivered on the official notice of election. The notice of election will be published no later than 4pm, 22 working days before the poll (no later than 4pm on 8 May 2017). The notice of election will be published on the EONI website.

1.31 You can submit nomination papers between the hours of 10am and 4pm from the day after the publication of the notice of election until the sixth working day after the date of dissolution of Parliament (i.e. between 10am and 4pm on any working day after publication of the notice of election until 4pm on 11 May 2017).

1.32 You should make an appointment with the DRO for the formal submission of your nomination papers, otherwise you may have to wait until they are available. If, after you have submitted your nomination papers you change your mind and no longer want to stand for election, you can withdraw, provided you do so by 4pm on the 19th working day before the poll (by 4pm on 11 May 2017). For more details on withdrawing, see paragraph 1.47.

The deposit

1.33 For a candidate’s nomination to be valid, the sum of £500 must be deposited with the DRO by the deadline for nominations, 4pm on the 19th working day before the poll (i.e. by 4pm on 11 May 2017). The deposit can be made using:
• cash (British pounds only)
• a UK banker’s draft
• CHAPS

1.34 If you are considering paying the deposit via CHAPS, you should discuss this with your DRO, who will provide you with the bank account details. Payment via CHAPS must have reached the Chief Electoral Officer’s account by 4pm on 11 May 2017.

1.35 Candidates who poll more than 5% of the total number of valid votes cast in the constituency will have their deposit returned. Those candidates who have polled less than, or equal to, 5% of the total number of valid votes cast will lose their deposit.

Inspecting other candidates’ nomination papers

1.36 Only certain people are entitled to attend the delivery of nomination papers and to inspect and make any objections to the validity of a nomination form or home address form. After your nomination papers and deposit have been delivered and you stand validly nominated, the following can inspect and make objections to a nomination form or home address form:

• you
• your election agent
• your proposer or seconder

1.37 Nomination papers cannot be inspected by anybody else at any time.

1.38 Electoral Commission representatives and one other person chosen by a validly nominated candidate can also be present at the delivery of nomination papers, but they are not allowed to inspect or make any objections to nomination papers.

1.39 No other person, except the DRO and their staff, may attend the delivery of nomination papers.

If you are your own election agent, you can appoint one other person to attend the delivery of nomination papers and make objections.

If you have submitted more than one nomination form, only the proposer and seconder from the nomination form you have selected will be entitled to attend. If none has been selected, it will be the proposer and seconder of the first submitted nomination form who will have that entitlement.
Objections to nominations

1.40 Objections to the validity of any nomination form or home address form can be made on the 19th working day before the poll (on 11 May 2017).

1.41 The time within which an objection can be made depends on when the nomination papers are delivered.

**Timetable for objections**

**Nominations delivered up to 4pm on 10 May 2017**

1.42 Objections to any nomination or home address form delivered up to and including 4pm on 10 May must be made between 10 am and 12 noon on 11 May 2017.

**Nominations delivered after 4pm on 10 May 2017**

1.43 Objections to any nomination form delivered after 4pm on 10 May 2017 must be made between 10am and 5pm on 11 May 2017. Any objection must be made at or immediately after the time of the delivery of the nomination.

**Objections on the grounds that a candidate is imprisoned for a year or more**

1.44 In the rare case that the DRO considers that a candidate may be disqualified because they are imprisoned and serving a sentence of a year or more, they will publish a notice inviting objections on those grounds. Any such objection may be made between 10am and 4pm on 12 May 2017.

**Decisions on objections**

1.45 The DRO will consider any objections made, but is entitled to hold a nomination invalid only on the following grounds:

- that the particulars of the candidate or subscribers are not as required by law
- that the paper is not subscribed as required
- that the candidate is disqualified on the grounds that they are imprisoned and serving a sentence of a year or more
1.46 The DRO’s decision that a nomination is valid is final and cannot be challenged during the election. The decision can only be challenged after an election through an election petition (see Part 6 – After the declaration of result for further information on election petitions).

### Withdrawing

1.47 You may withdraw as a candidate by signing and submitting a withdrawal form, which must be witnessed by one other person. There are no restrictions on who may submit the notice, but it must be delivered by hand. Your witness must also sign the notice. A notice of withdrawal can be obtained from your DRO or downloaded from the EONI website.

1.48 The withdrawal notice must be submitted by the deadline for withdrawals (i.e. by 4pm on the 19th working day before the poll; by 4pm on 11 May 2017). After the withdrawal deadline it is not possible to withdraw from the election, and your name will appear on the ballot paper. If the election is uncontested, you will be declared elected.

1.49 If you withdraw as a candidate, your deposit will be returned.

### What happens after the close of nominations?

1.50 Provided no objections have been made, the DRO will publish a statement of persons nominated by 5pm on the 19th working day before the poll (by 5pm on 11 May 2017). The statement will include:

- the full or commonly used names, as the case may be, of all candidates validly nominated
- the names of candidates who no longer stand nominated, if any (i.e. invalid and withdrawn candidates), with the reason why they are no longer standing
- the home address of each candidate, or if they have requested not to make their home address public, the

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If you are outside the UK your proposer can withdraw on your behalf as long as the withdrawal is accompanied by a written declaration signed by your proposer confirming your absence.

If you are outside the UK and stand nominated by more than one nomination form, you should speak to the DRO if you wish to withdraw as special rules apply in this instance.
constituency in which their home address is situated (or the country if their address is outside the UK)

- each candidate’s description (if any)

1.51 If objections have been made, the DRO will publish the statement of persons nominated by 4pm on the 18th working day before the poll (by 4pm on 12 May 2017).

**Appointing your election agent and other agents**

1.52 The election agent is the person responsible for the proper management of your election campaign and, in particular, for its financial management. You must have an election agent. If you do not appoint an agent, you will become your own agent by default.

1.53 Once appointed, only the election agent can make payments for election expenses.

1.54 You can also appoint other agents to observe the following electoral processes, which both you and your election agent are also entitled to observe:

- the issue and opening of postal votes
- the poll
- the count

**Who can be an election agent?**

1.55 There are no particular qualifications needed to be an election agent and you can be your own agent if you wish.

1.56 However, the following people are not allowed by law to be election agents:

- the Chief Electoral Officer, a DRO or a member of their staff
- a partner or clerk of the Chief Electoral Officer, a DRO or a member of their staff
anyone not entitled to vote at the election as a result of the report of an election court or a conviction for a corrupt or illegal practice under the Representation of the People Act 1983

1.57 Your party may also have specific rules about who you can appoint as an election agent.

Appointing an election agent

1.58 Because of the responsibilities attached to the role of an election agent you should consider carefully who you are going to appoint and make sure that they understand their obligations. You can also be your own agent if you wish.

1.59 You must declare in writing the name, address and office address of your election agent to the DRO by 4pm on the 19th working day before the poll (by 4pm on 11 May 2017). The declaration should be signed by you and by the agent to show their acceptance of the appointment.

1.60 The DRO will provide a declaration form and it will be available on the EONI website http://www.eoni.org.uk/elections/Information-for-candidates-and-agents. If you do not appoint someone else as your agent by the deadline, you will automatically become your own agent.

1.61 Your agent's office address must be:

- within the parliamentary constituency where you are standing, or
- within a constituency which adjoins the constituency where you are standing

1.62 The agent's office address will often be their home address, but it could be the local party office or an office set up for the election.

1.63 The office address declared to the DRO must be an address to which any legal notices can be delivered and therefore must be a physical address – PO boxes or similar mailboxes cannot be used.

It is helpful to also provide a contact telephone number and email address for your election agent so that the DRO can easily contact them.
1.64 If you act as your own election agent, the office address is deemed to be the address you provided on your home address form. If that address is outside the permitted area, the office address is deemed to be the qualifying address of your proposer (i.e. the first subscriber on your nomination form).

Revoking an election agent’s appointment

1.65 You can revoke the appointment of your election agent at any time, including after polling day, and a new appointment can be made in the same manner as outlined above. If you revoke your election agent’s appointment and do not appoint anyone else, you will be deemed to be your own election agent.

1.66 If you are acting as your own agent you can revoke your own appointment and appoint someone else as your agent.

1.67 Once an agent has signed their acceptance, they cannot resign and must fulfil the duties required of them unless you revoke their appointment.

Sub-agents

1.68 An election agent in a county constituency may appoint sub-agents to act on their behalf. No sub-agents can be appointed in a borough constituency (i.e. in the the 4 Belfast constituencies).

1.69 Election agents may appoint sub-agents for particular parts of the constituency, as long as those parts do not overlap. The agent can determine the parts into which they wish to sub-divide the constituency.

1.70 The office of the sub-agent must be in the area within which they are appointed to act.

1.71 A sub-agent can do anything that the election agent is entitled to do within the area to which they are appointed.

1.72 The election agent should ensure that whoever they decide to appoint as a sub-agent is aware of the election and spending rules. Anything done by the sub-agent will be treated as if it had been done by the election agent.

There are two types of constituency: borough and county. There are 4 borough constituencies in Northern Ireland (all of the Belfast constituencies). The other 14 are county constituencies.
1.73 By the second working day before the poll (by 6 June 2017) the election agent must declare in writing to the DRO the name, address and office address of any sub-agents and the area in which they are each appointed to act. The DRO will provide a form you can use and it will be available on the EONI website http://www.eoni.org.uk/elections/Information-for-candidates-and-agents.

1.74 The election agent can revoke the appointment of a sub-agent at any time and another sub-agent may be appointed. If another sub-agent is appointed, the election agent must declare in writing the name, address, office address and area of appointment of the new sub-agent to the DRO.

Appointing postal voting, polling and counting agents

1.75 You may appoint other people as agents to attend the issue and opening of postal votes, the poll and the verification and count.

1.76 Anyone, apart from those listed in paragraph 1.55, can be appointed as a postal vote, polling or counting agent. Both you and your election agent can also automatically act as one of those agents without the need of an official appointment.

1.77 You can appoint any number of polling agents to attend each polling station, but only one polling agent for each candidate can be present in a polling station at any time. A polling agent can be appointed to attend multiple polling stations.

1.78 The DRO will tell you the maximum number of postal voting and counting agents you can appoint. All candidates will be allowed to appoint exactly the same number. At the count, unless there are special circumstances, the number of counting agents allowed for each candidate will not be less than the number obtained by dividing the number of counting assistants (i.e. those staff employed on the counting) by the number of candidates.

1.79 The request to appoint these agents must be made in writing to the DRO. It must contain the names and addresses of the people being appointed. The DRO will provide the
relevant forms for this, or you can find postal voting, polling agent and counting agent appointment forms on the EONI website http://www.eoni.org.uk/elections/Information-for-candidates-and-agents.

1.80 The deadline for appointing these agents will depend on the process they are to attend. Polling and counting agents must be appointed by not later than the fifth working day before the poll (by 1 June 2017). However, appointment forms for postal voting agents only need to be submitted to the DRO by the time fixed for the issue or opening of postal votes they want to attend. The DRO will give you at least 48 hours’ notice before the scheduled start of each session.

1.81 If an agent dies or becomes incapable of acting, you may appoint another agent in their place by submitting the relevant appointment form to the DRO. Any new appointment in these circumstances must be made without delay.

1.82 More information on what agents can and cannot do and what they can expect to see at postal vote issue and opening sessions, polling stations and the count, can be found in Part 5 – Your right to attend key electoral events.

Death of a candidate

1.83 If a candidate dies during the election period, see paragraph 1.99 for further information on how this will affect the election.
Supplementary information

Commonly used name(s)

1.84 If you commonly use a different name from your actual name, you can ask for your commonly used name(s) to be used instead of your actual name. For example, you may be known by your abbreviated name ‘Andy’, rather than your full first name ‘Andrew’. In that case, you can write ‘Andy’ into the commonly used forename box on the nomination paper if you would rather that name appear on the ballot paper.

1.85 However, you cannot use your first name as a commonly used name so that only your first name and surname appear on a ballot paper, thus excluding your middle name. The legislation makes it clear that a commonly used name is one which is different from any other forename or surname. This means that a forename in its original format cannot be used as a commonly used name. If you wish to use a commonly used forename and/or surname then these must be different from your full name as it appears on the nomination form. For example, in the case of Andrew John Smith, he could not use Andrew Smith as his commonly used name, although he would be able to use Andy Smith (if Andy was the name by which he is commonly known).

1.86 You can request to use a commonly used forename, surname or both.

1.87 You may also use initials as part of your commonly used name if you are commonly known by them.
1.88 Any commonly used name(s) would then appear on:

- the statement of persons nominated and the notice of poll, and
- the ballot papers

1.89 The DRO will disallow commonly used names that are likely to mislead or confuse electors, or are obscene or offensive. If the name(s) are not permissible, the DRO will write to you stating the reason for rejection. In those cases, your actual name will be used instead.

1.90 If either the commonly used forename or surname box on the nomination paper is left blank, then your actual forename or surname, depending on which commonly used name box has been left blank, will be used.

1.91 It is an offence to give a false statement on your nomination paper. Therefore if you choose to provide a commonly used name you must ensure that it is a forename or surname which you commonly use.

Signatures of subscribers

1.92 Each nomination form needs to be signed (subscribed) by 10 electors on the register of parliamentary electors in the constituency.

1.93 The first two electors will sign and print their names as proposer and seconder, and the remaining eight as assenters.

1.94 The elector number of each subscriber as it appears on the electoral register, including the ward code, must be entered on the nomination form. The ward code can usually be found at the front of the register.

1.95 You will be entitled to a free copy of the electoral register once you become a candidate. You should use it to ensure that your nomination form is properly subscribed.

1.96 Each elector may only subscribe one nomination form at the election. If an elector does sign two or more nomination forms, the first nomination form delivered to the DRO will be
accepted and the rest will be invalid. You should therefore always enquire, before asking a subscriber to sign your form, if they have already signed someone else’s.

1.97 If a nomination form contains more than ten subscribers’ signatures, only the first ten will be accepted. If any of the first ten subscribers is invalid, the DRO must hold the nomination form invalid, regardless of whether the form contains more than ten.

1.98 Nomination forms should not be altered once they are subscribed. All of your details should be completed before you invite anyone to subscribe your nomination. Once the DRO has formally accepted a nomination form, signatures cannot be withdrawn.

Death of a candidate

1.99 The impact of the death of a candidate before the declaration of the result depends on whether or not the deceased candidate was standing on behalf of a registered political party.

Death of an independent candidate

1.100 If a candidate not standing on behalf of a political party dies, the election continues as normal. If the deceased candidate receives the most votes, they are not elected and the election is re-run. No new nominations are required: all of the existing candidates remain nominated for the new election and retention or return of the deposit is determined by the re-run election result. No new nominations are allowed for the re-run election, although candidates may withdraw.

1.101 If the independent candidate who died did not receive the most votes at the original poll, the candidate who did is declared elected and the election is not affected. If the candidate who died came joint first with the same number of votes as any other candidate, the other candidate is declared elected.

1.102 If only two persons are standing nominated and an independent candidate dies, the election is treated as an
uncontested election and the other candidate is declared elected.

1.103 In all circumstances, the deposit of the deceased candidate will be returned.

Death of a party candidate

1.104 If the Chief Electoral Officer receives proof and is satisfied before the declaration of result that a candidate standing on behalf of a political party (or as a joint candidate standing on behalf of two or more parties) has died, the election is stopped immediately. If the poll is under way or the count is being undertaken, that process stops. There will be a new election.

1.105 No new nominations are required: all the existing candidates remain nominated for the new election and retention or return of the deposit is determined by the election result at the new election. No new nominations are allowed for the new election, except that a new candidate can be nominated to stand on behalf of the same party (or parties) of the candidate who died. Any existing candidates may withdraw by the deadline for withdrawals for the new election. The nomination papers for the candidate standing for the party (or parties) whose candidate died must be submitted by the close of nominations based on the new timetable.

New election

1.106 The timetable for any new election will be prepared as if the writ was received seven working days after the proof of the death was received by the Chief Electoral Officer. The Chief Electoral Officer will set a new polling day and provide you with details of the new election timetable.