

A quick guide for polling station staff

This guide should be used alongside the *Handbook for polling station staff*. Page references given in this guide show where more detailed information can be found in the handbook.



Who can vote at the polling station?

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Letters next to an elector's entry on the register determine whether or not they are entitled to vote in the referendum. Only the following electors **can** be given a ballot paper in the polling station:

Letters	Who
No letters	Ordinary electors
No letters + N	Anonymously registered electors
Date on or before polling day	Electors who will turn 18 years of age on or before polling day (unless they also have an A, G, K or U next to their name)
E or E+N	Overseas peers
F or F+N	Overseas electors
L or L+N	Peers



Who cannot vote at the polling station?

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The following electors **must not** be given a ballot paper in the polling station:

Letters	Who
Date after polling day	Electors who will not be 18 years of age until after polling day
A or A+N	Postal voters
G or G+N	Certain citizens of EU member states
K or K+N	Certain citizens of EU member states
U or U+N	Certain citizens of EU member states (Scotland only)



What is the usual voting process?

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Stage 1 – checking the voter	<p>Greet the elector and ask them to state their name and address.</p> <hr/> <p>Confirm that they are eligible to vote at the referendum by checking their register entry.</p> <hr/> <p>Draw a straight line against (but not through) the voter's entry in the register.</p> <hr/> <p>Read out their name and elector number (which includes the polling district reference) from the register.</p>
Stage 2 – issuing the ballot paper	<p>Write the elector number on the corresponding number list alongside the relevant ballot paper number.</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure that the ballot paper to be issued bears the official mark.</p> <hr/> <p>Fold the ballot paper, then hand it to the voter unfolded. Ask them to re-fold it once they've marked their ballot paper in the polling booth.</p>
Stage 3 – voting	<p>The voter marks the ballot paper in the privacy of the polling booth.</p> <hr/> <p>Ask the voter to show you the ballot paper number and unique identifying mark on the back of the ballot paper before they place it in the ballot box.</p>



What if...

The key-holder has not arrived?

Try to make contact with the key-holder. If necessary, make alternative arrangements, e.g. set up a temporary polling station in the back of a car. Inform the elections office. Polling must begin at 7am.

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An elector spoils a ballot paper?

Cancel the spoilt ballot paper. Place it in the appropriate envelope; write 'cancelled' on the corresponding number list and issue the elector with another ballot paper.

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An elector cannot gain access to the polling station?

Take the ballot paper outside to the elector after informing any agents present. Ensure ballot secrecy at all times.

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A disabled elector needs assistance?

Offer assistance. Explain what support is available.

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The person asking for ballot papers appears on the register as having already voted?

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Check whether they had appointed a proxy. If not, follow the tendered ballot process. Ask the prescribed questions before issuing a tendered ballot paper. Do not issue a tendered ballot paper if the questions are not answered satisfactorily. Inform the elections office.

An elector with an 'A' marker on the register says they did not apply to vote by post?

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Do not issue an ordinary ballot paper. **If they have received their postal vote:** encourage them to return it to the polling station or elections office by 10pm. If they don't want to return it, follow the tendered ballot procedure. **If they have not received their postal vote:** if it is before 5pm, direct them to the elections office for a replacement; if it is after 5pm, or if they don't want a replacement, follow the tendered ballot procedure. Ask the prescribed questions before issuing a tendered ballot paper. Do not issue a tendered ballot paper if the questions are not answered satisfactorily.

An elector claims to have lost or not received their postal vote?

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Before 5pm: direct them to the elections office for a replacement.

After 5pm: follow the tendered ballot procedure. Ask the prescribed questions before issuing a tendered ballot paper. Do not issue a tendered ballot paper if the questions are not answered satisfactorily.

A voter asks how to complete their ballot paper?

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Explain that voters should show their choice by putting a cross (X) in the 'Remain a member of the European Union' box or 'Leave the European Union' box on their ballot paper.

A voter asks what the referendum is about?

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Explain to voters that this referendum is about the United Kingdom's membership of the European Union. **If the voter asks more specific questions:** Explain that you are involved in running the referendum and have to be neutral and independent. Therefore, just like at an election, you can't answer questions about the issues they are voting on. *If this question is asked before the voter has been issued a ballot paper; provide the Electoral Commission contact details: www.aboutmyvote.co.uk or 0333 103 1928*

A person is not on the register or any of the notices?

Do not issue a ballot paper. Direct the voter to the electoral registration office.

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An elector hands you a poll card without a name or address?

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Poll cards like this are sent to anonymously registered electors. Do not ask for the elector's name and address. Follow the procedure for issuing a ballot paper to an anonymous elector.

An elector wants to return their postal vote to the polling station?

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Check the postal vote can be returned to the polling station. If it can, place it in the packet provided. If it cannot, or if you are unsure, direct the voter to the elections office.

A person asks to vote on behalf of someone who has had a medical emergency?

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Only issue a ballot paper if they have been officially appointed as an emergency proxy. If not, explain that emergency proxies may be appointed until 5pm, and refer them to the electoral registration office for more information on this process.

You, or someone else, suspects that the person applying for a ballot paper is not who they say they are?

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Before – and only before – issuing a ballot paper, the Presiding Officer may ask the prescribed questions. Agents have a right to require Presiding Officers to ask these questions. If they are answered satisfactorily, an ordinary ballot paper must be issued. No further enquiries may be made as to someone's right to a ballot paper. Inform the elections office.

There is a serious disturbance (e.g. fire, flood, etc.)?

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Do not put the safety of anyone at risk. If safe to do so, set up a new polling station nearby. Inform the elections office.



Contact details

If you are unsure about any of the procedures described in the handbook, or need to contact the elections or electoral registration office for any other reason, please contact: